1. Being bilingual is not enough to ensure the quality of an interpreter. Interpreting is a skill - speaking two languages FLUENTLY will increase the likelihood that professional interpreting is taking place.

2. Don’t ask interpreters to provide word-for-word interpreting. Interpreters relay the meaning of the words. A word-for-word interpretation will often lose meaning.

3. Expect interpreters to abide by the National Standards of Practice and Code of Ethics for interpreters. A trained interpreter will adhere to confidentiality, accuracy and impartiality.

4. Don’t ask interpreters to be stepping into the provider's role. Interpreters act only as the bridge to communication. They interpret any message you wish to relay, they are the voice of the conversation, and they need to stay within their role boundaries.

5. Clarify abbreviations and minimize jargon. Acronyms, abbreviations, specific terminology etc., will make no sense to limited-English speakers.

6. Do not ask interpreters NOT to interpret something. The interpreter’s Code of Ethics indicates that an interpreter should interpret everything that is said, as it is said. If you do not want something repeated, do not say it in front of an interpreter.

7. Address the patient, not the interpreter, and maintain primary eye contact with your patient. The role of the interpreter is essential, but it is secondary to your relationship with the patient.

8. Speak at a comfortable pace and pause frequently to allow for interpretation. In order to render a complete interpretation, speak one or two sentences at a time. The interpreter will let you know if you are speaking too fast or are saying too much at once.

9. Do not ask the client to bring their own interpreter and do not ask another client, child, friend or family member to interpret for you. Legal obligations make it imperative that qualified language services are utilized in each clinical encounter where the client/patient or their family members and the provider(s) are unable communicate at the same level as two English speakers are able to communicate.

10. Document the use of an interpreter. Circumstances may make it impossible to utilize qualified language services in a timely manner. Your record should reflect when an interpreter is used, the name of the interpreter and any obstacles using an interpreter. Know how to locate an interpreter, either over the phone, via video connection or in person.