

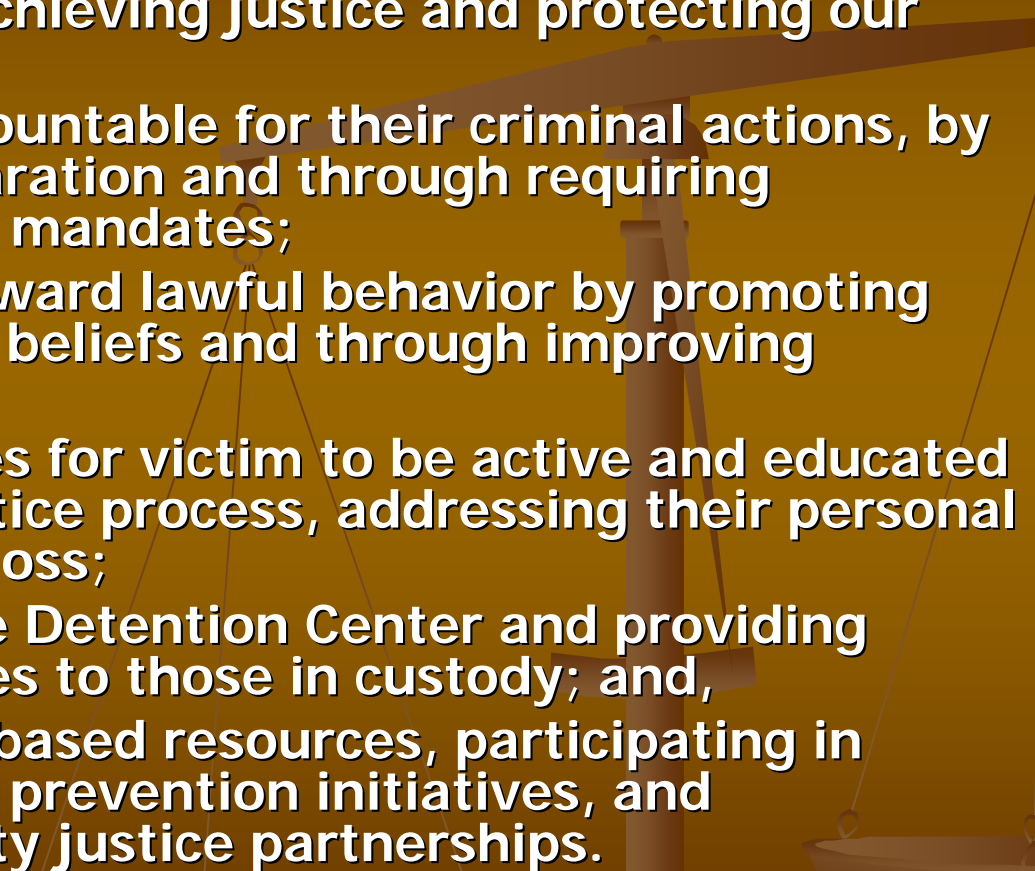


**18th Judicial Circuit Court
Department of Probation and Court Services**

Mental Health Leadership Presentation
June 6, 2007

Department of Probation and Court Services

Our Mission

- We are dedicated to achieving justice and protecting our neighborhoods by:
 - Holding offenders accountable for their criminal actions, by facilitating victim reparation and through requiring compliance with court mandates;
 - Directing offenders toward lawful behavior by promoting changes in values and beliefs and through improving competency skills;
 - Providing opportunities for victim to be active and educated participants in the justice process, addressing their personal damage and material loss;
 - Operating the Juvenile Detention Center and providing comprehensive services to those in custody; and,
 - Engaging community-based resources, participating in educational and crime prevention initiatives, and establishing community justice partnerships.
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The Principles Of Effective Interventions

- **Risk Principle:** target moderate to high risk offenders (WHO)
- **Need Principle:** target criminogenic factors (WHAT)
- **Responsivity Principle:** styles and modes of service must be matched to the learning styles and abilities of offenders (HOW)
- **Program Integrity Principle:** certain interventions are more effective at reducing risk and must be administered with strict adherence to the social learning model.



The Big “6”

■ High correlation risk factors:

1. Criminal History

History of antisocial behavior evident from an early age, in a variety of settings, involving a number and variety of different acts.

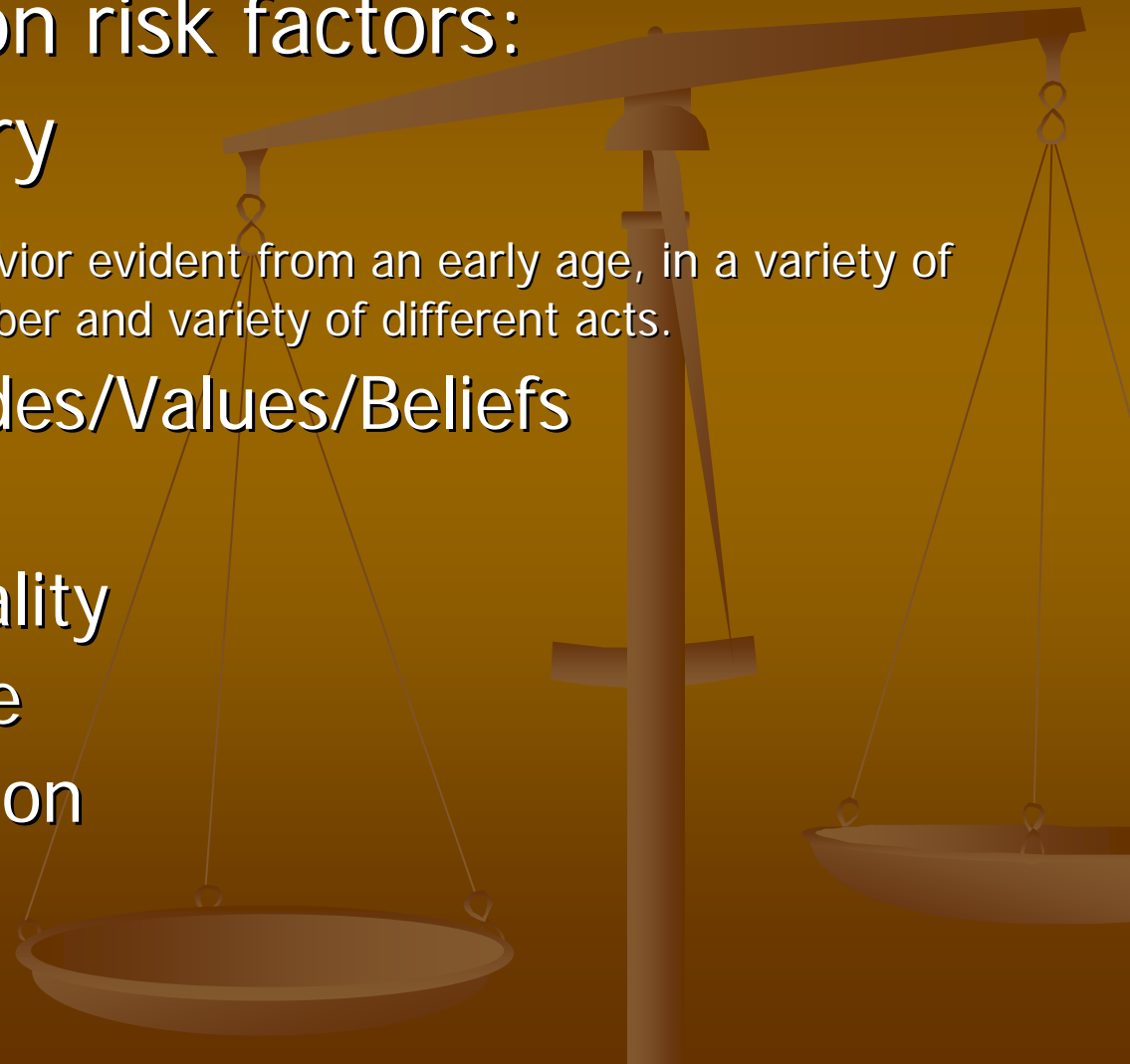
2. Antisocial Attitudes/Values/Beliefs

3. Antisocial Peers

4. Criminal Personality

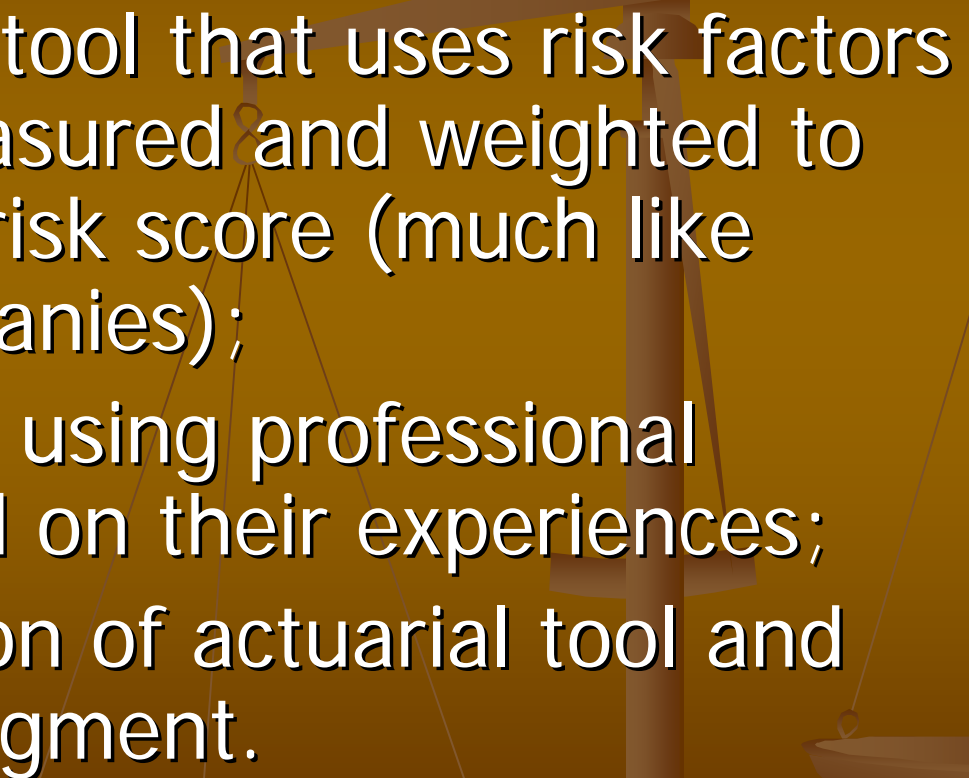
5. Substance Abuse

6. Family Dysfunction



How do we know the risk factors of an offender?

Three methods to determine risk:

- 1. An actuarial tool that uses risk factors that can be measured and weighted to give an overall risk score (much like insurance companies);
 - 2. Practitioners using professional judgment based on their experiences;
 - 3. A combination of actuarial tool and professional judgment.
- 

Youth: Yasi

Adult: LSI-R

- Measures risk factors and protective factors
 - Aides in appropriate brokering of services
 - Measures predictability of re-offending behaviors
 - Targets Domains that are found to be specifically linked to recidivism
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What We Know



- Mental Health Issues by themselves are not a direct predictor of criminal activity(National Gains Conference 2002)
- All Clients with Mental Health problems are not aggressive, or at risk to commit crime.....HOWEVER....

Mental Health Impact on the Justice System

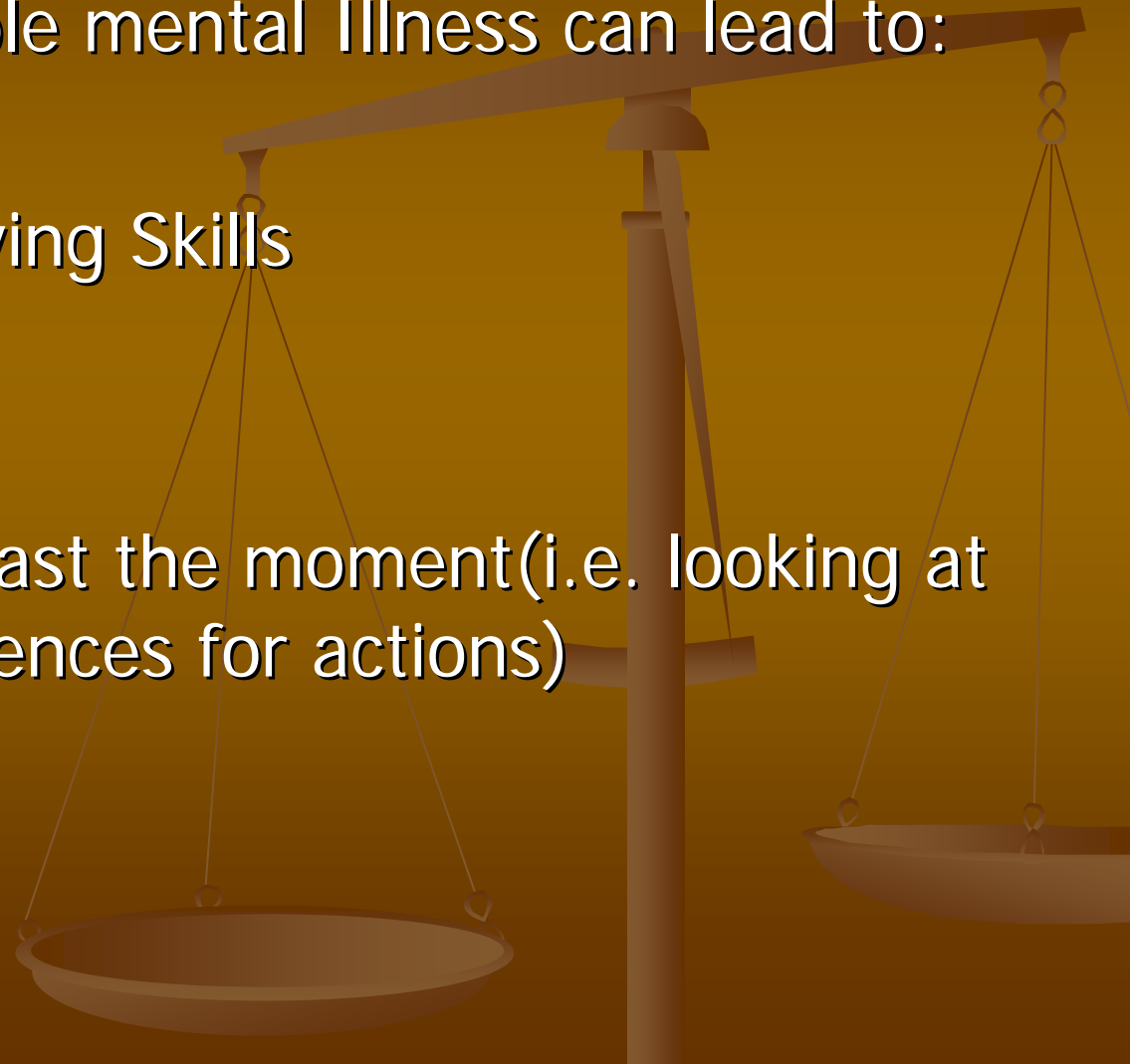


- Most clients with mental illness have been struggling with these issues before entering the Criminal Justice System (30.3% of Juveniles entering the system have a Axis I Diagnosis)
- Client's parents and/or family members either are unaware of the extent of the mental illness or overwhelmed and don't know what to do

Mental Health Impact on the Criminal Justice System

Untreated or Unstable mental illness can lead to:

- Impulsive Acts
- Poor Problem Solving Skills
- Aggression
- Self-harm
- Difficulty seeing past the moment (i.e. looking at potential consequences for actions)



Juvenile Programs



PBHS



- Community-based program
- Limited to DuPage county youth:
- Under the court's jurisdiction for a delinquency offense
- In need of specialized services to address mental health issues
- Typical Length of stay in PBHS program ranges from 3-18 months based on need

Types of Clients Served by PBHS

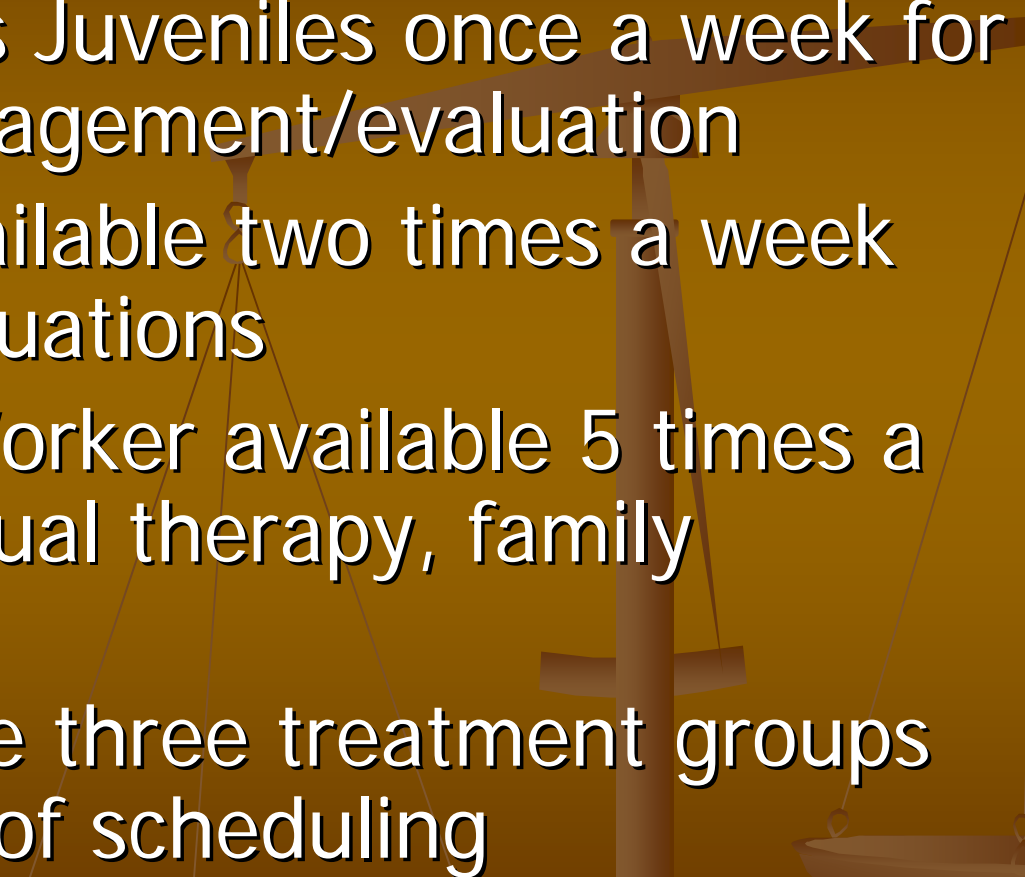
- These are not clients with Mild or Moderate Depression with some difficulty coping with life.
- These are Clients with Severe and/or Chronic Mental Illness(i.e. BiPolar Disorder, Psychosis, Major Depression, Schizoaffective Disorder)
- Clients may have secondary diagnosis (i.e. PTSD, ODD)
- Clients at risk for residential placement or Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice

PBHS Interventions



- Strength-based wraparound services for youth exhibiting behavior that significantly imperils personal safety or the safety of other persons and property.
- Utilizes a multi-agency approach to support the youth and family in risk reduction, skill development and positive change

Detention Center Programming

- Psychiatrist sees Juveniles once a week for medication management/evaluation
 - Psychologist available two times a week for therapy/evaluations
 - Clinical Social Worker available 5 times a week for individual therapy, family sessions
 - Juveniles receive three treatment groups per day as part of scheduling
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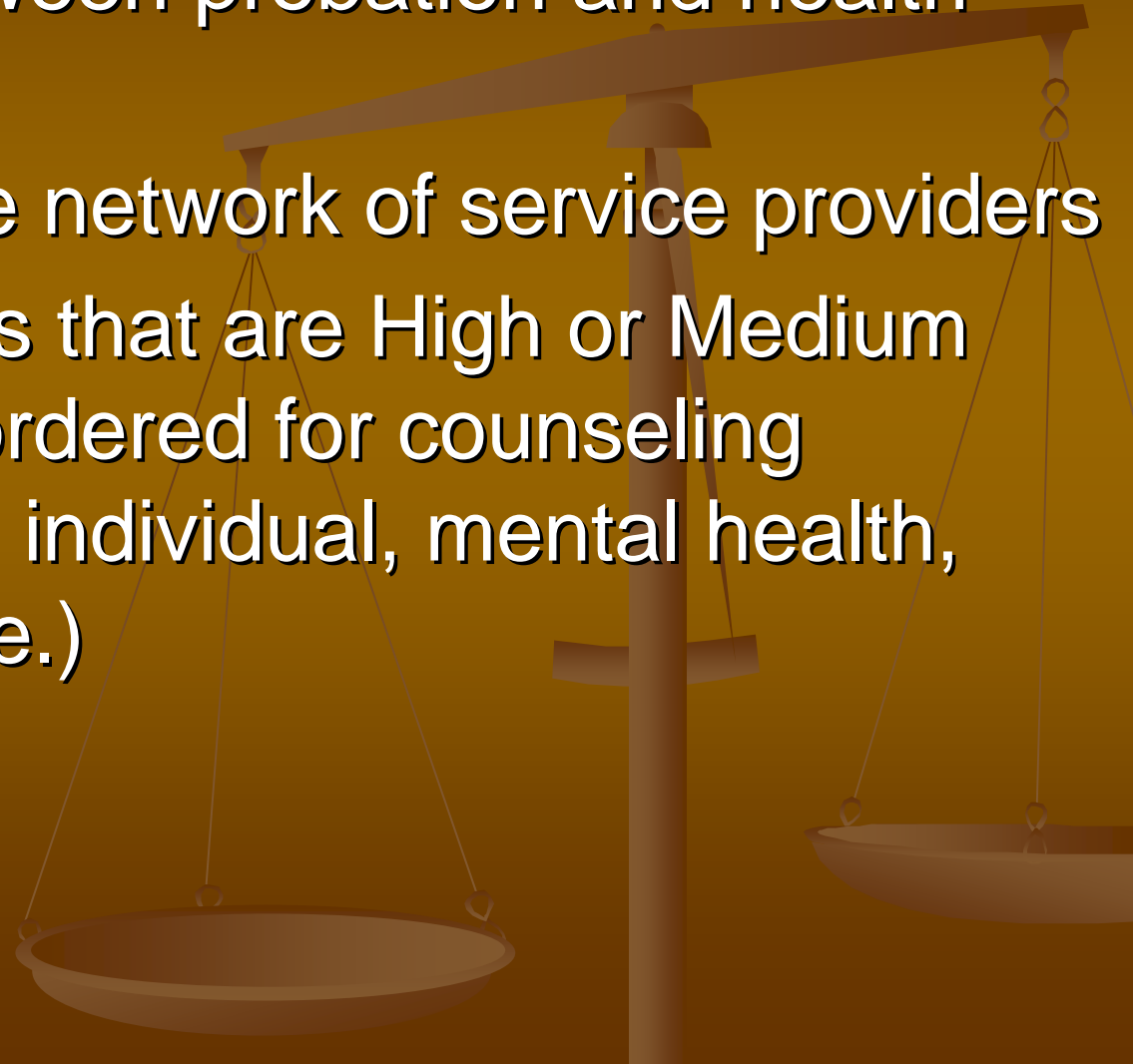
Detention Center Programming



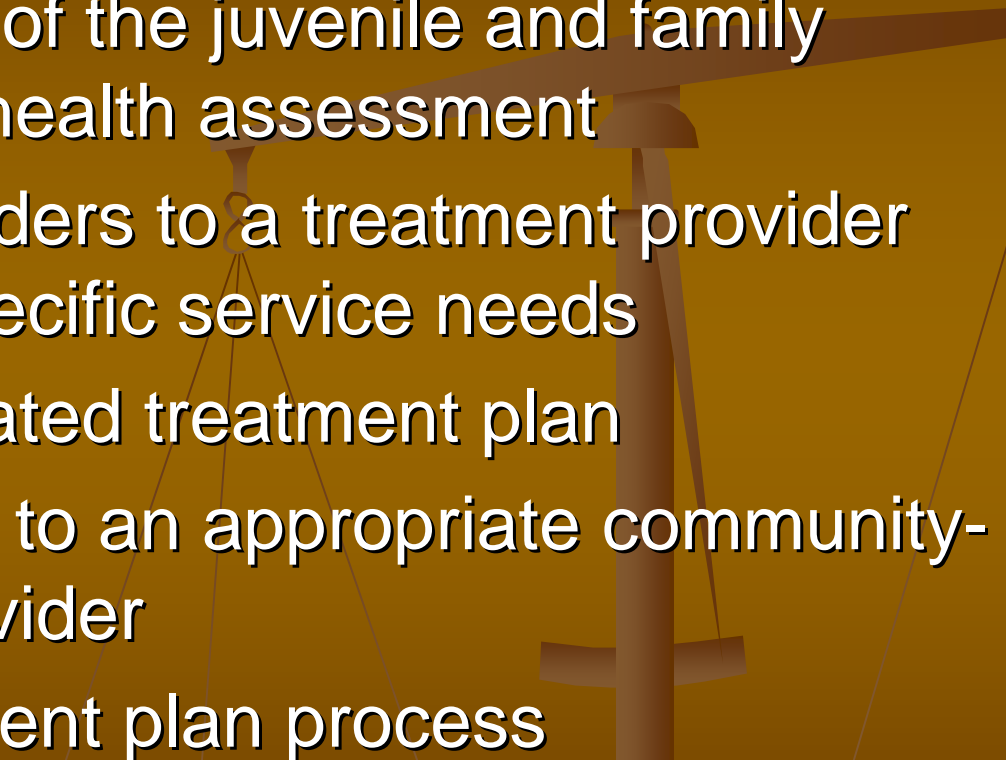
- Mental Health Juvenile Justice Initiative (MHJJ)
- Partnership through Probation and the Health Department through a grant from Northwestern University
- Goal of program is to provide funding for counseling and other services to juveniles who end up in detention who also have a affective disorder
- Program provides funding for up to six months provides case management to establish interventions in areas of need

Care Manager

- Partnership between probation and health department
- Create exclusive network of service providers
- Targets juveniles that are High or Medium Risk and court ordered for counseling services (family, individual, mental health, substance abuse.)



Care Manager

- Assess the needs of the juvenile and family through a mental health assessment
 - Link juvenile offenders to a treatment provider tailored to their specific service needs
 - Develop an integrated treatment plan
 - Match the juvenile to an appropriate community-based service provider
 - Monitor the treatment plan process
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Adult Programs

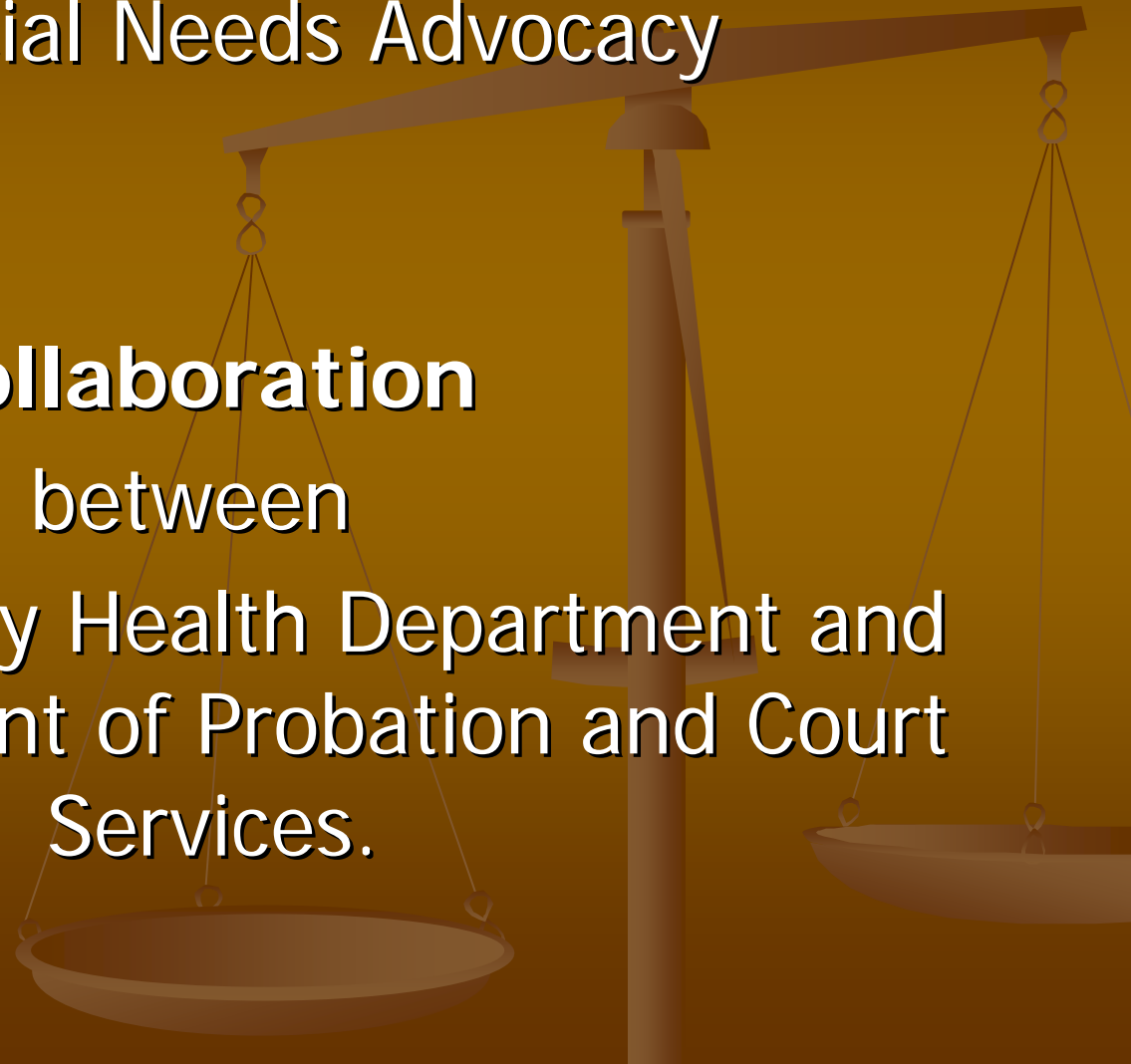


Offenders with Mental Health Disorders

- **S.N.A.P.** Special Needs Advocacy Program

Collaboration
between

DuPage County Health Department and
the Department of Probation and Court
Services.

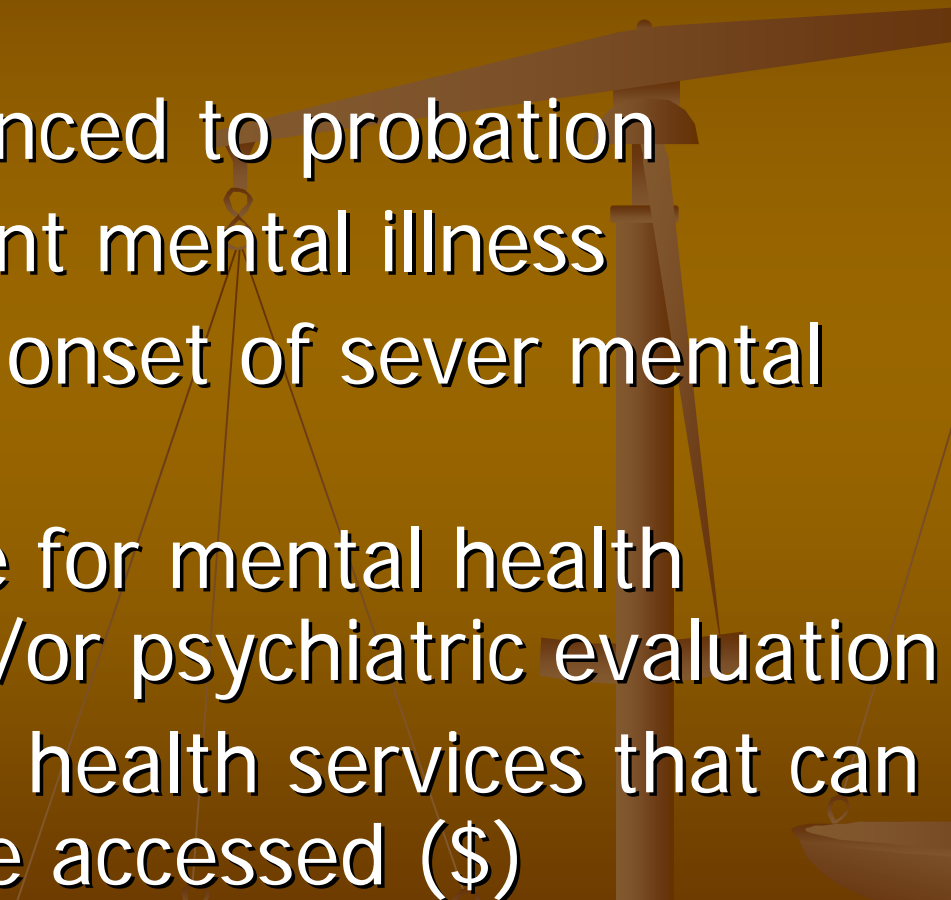


S.N.A.P

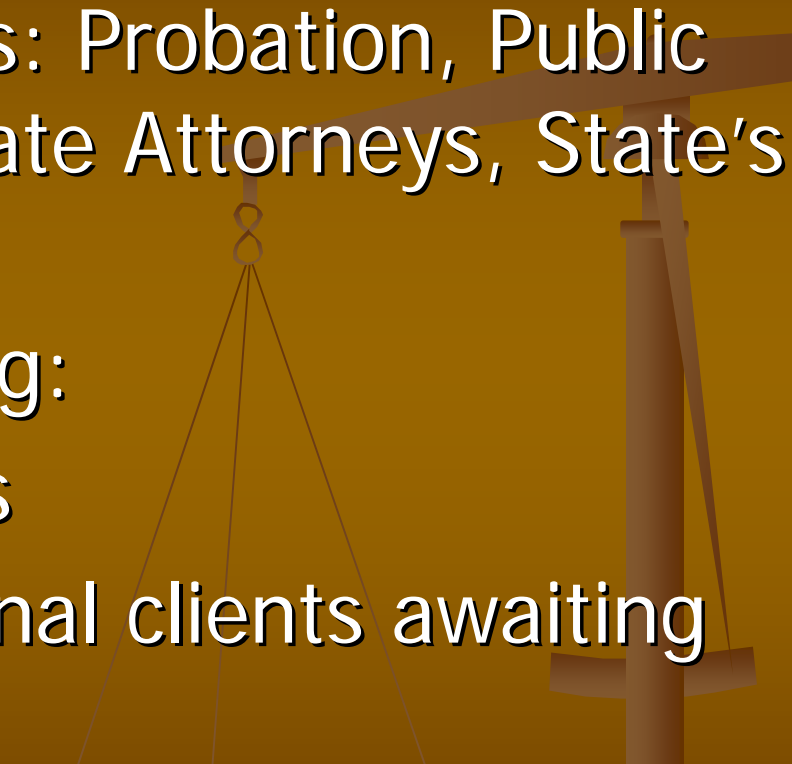
Program Objectives:

- ❖ Assess mental health needs of offenders
- ❖ Assure timely access to mental health services
- ❖ Assist offender in accessing community-based resources
- ❖ Stabilize acute psychiatric needs, limit or reduce need for psychiatric hospitalization
- ❖ Provide wraparound services to assist offenders
In the community

S.N.A.P.

- Primary focus:
 - Offenders sentenced to probation
 - Severe, persistent mental illness
 - Symptomatic of onset of severe mental illness
 - Need for linkage for mental health assessment and/or psychiatric evaluation
 - Need for mental health services that can otherwise not be accessed (\$)
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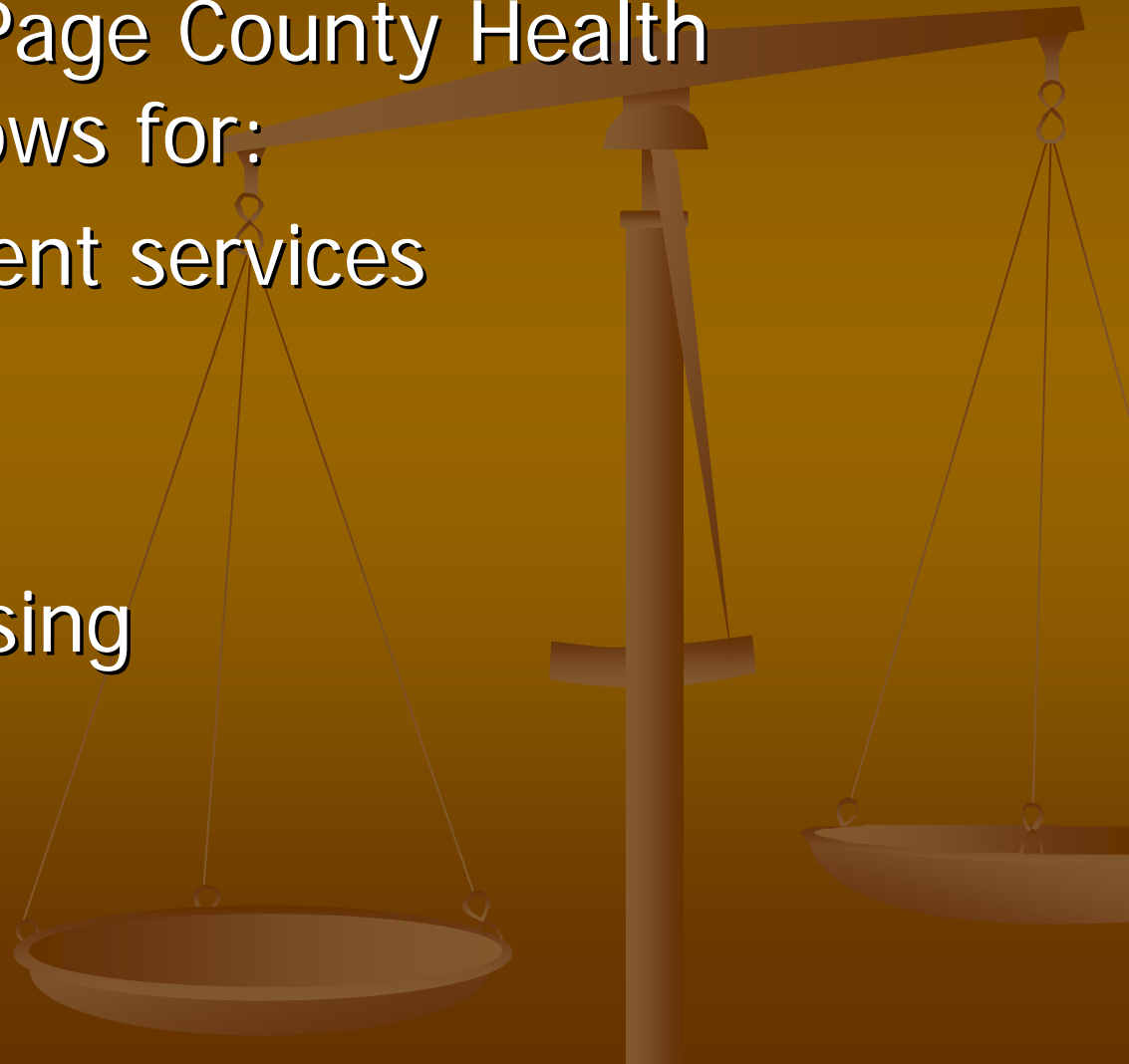
SNAP

- Referral Sources: Probation, Public Defenders, Private Attorneys, State's Attorneys
 - Currently serving:
 - 56 Active clients
 - with 13 additional clients awaiting acceptance
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SNAP

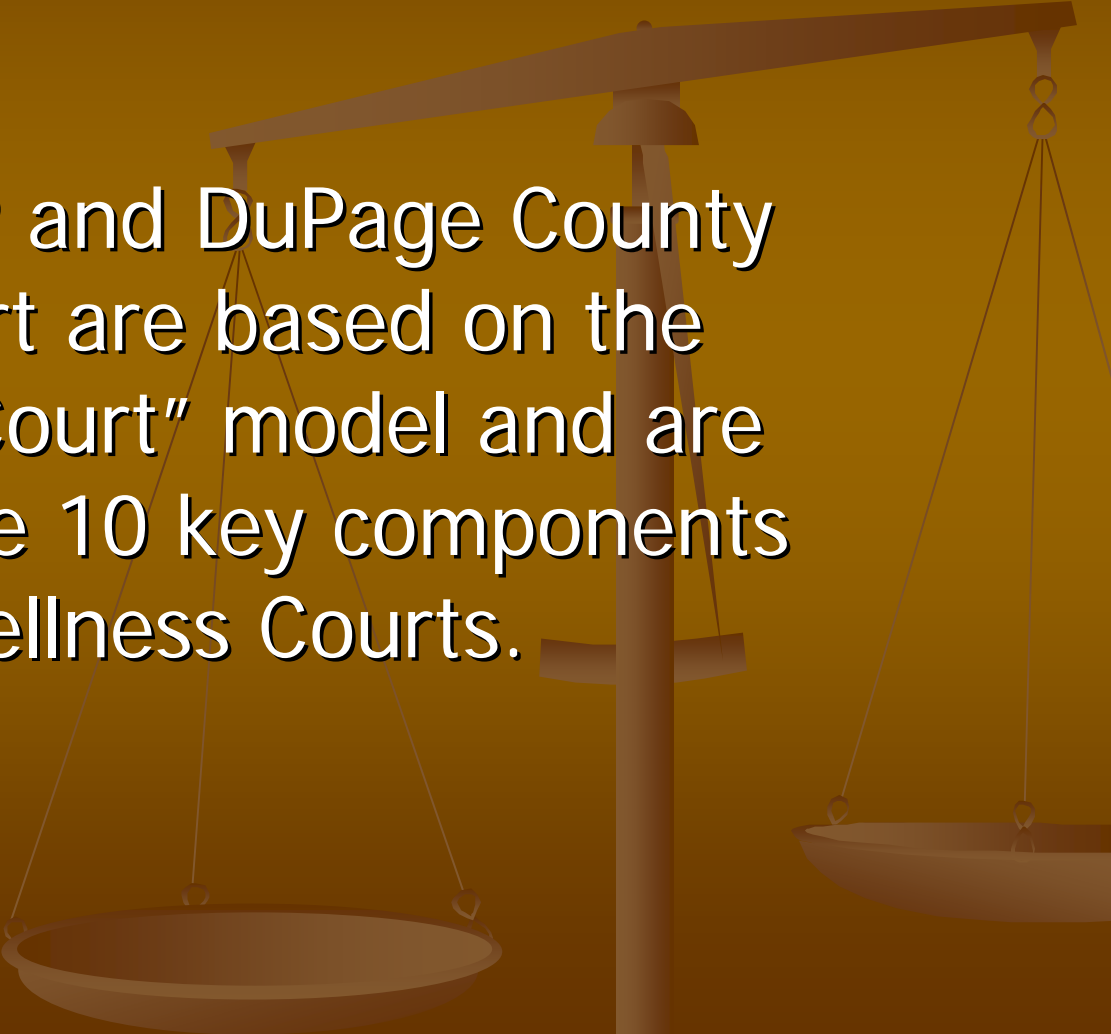
Contract with DuPage County Health Department allows for:

- Case management services
- Transportation
- Medication
- Temporary housing

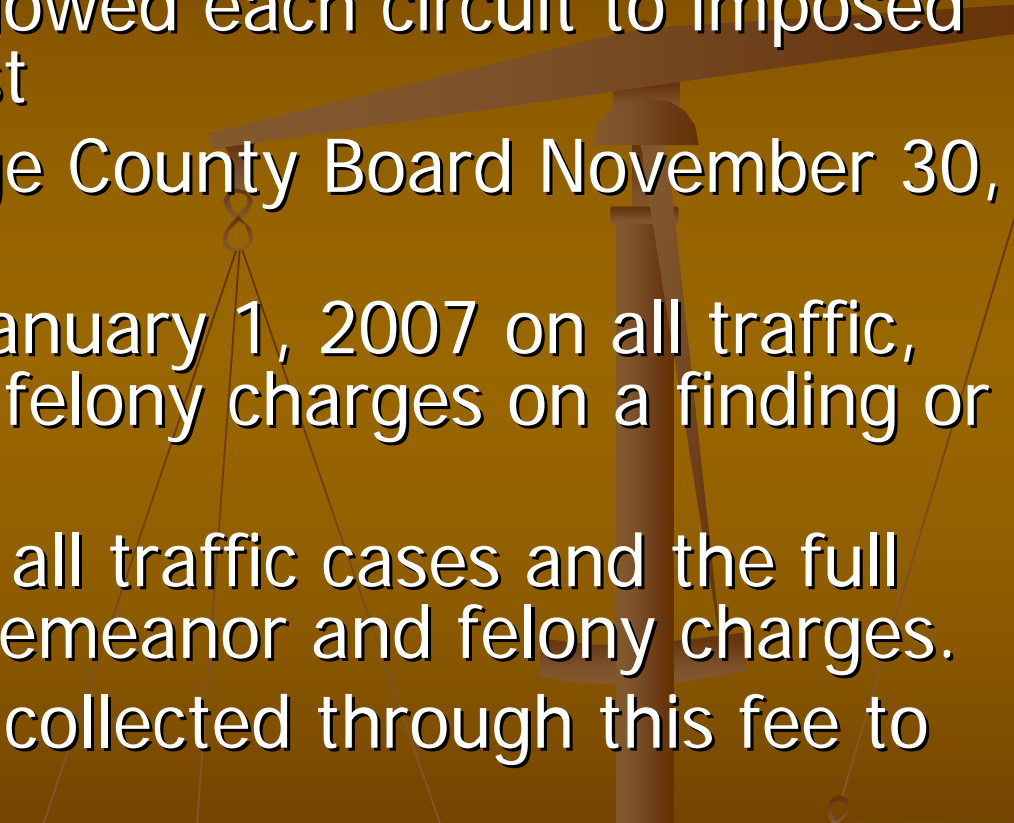


MENTAL ILLNESS COURT ALTERNATIVE PROGRAM (MICAP) AND DRUG COURT

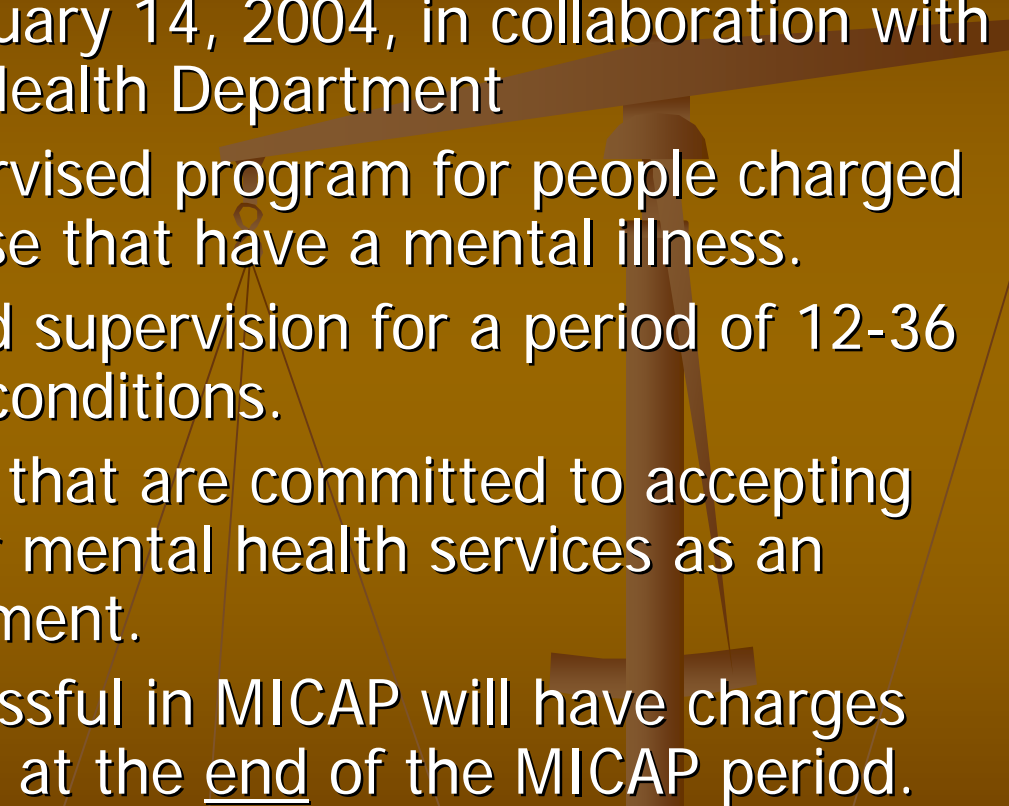
Both MICAP and DuPage County Drug Court are based on the “Wellness Court” model and are based on the 10 key components of Wellness Courts.



Current Funding for MICAP and Drug Court

- 2006 legislation allowed each circuit to imposed a \$10.00 court cost
 - Adopted by DuPage County Board November 30, 2007.
 - Began collection January 1, 2007 on all traffic, misdemeanor and felony charges on a finding or plea of guilty.
 - Receive a third on all traffic cases and the full \$10.00 on all misdemeanor and felony charges.
 - \$98,000 has been collected through this fee to date.
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Definition of the MICAP Program

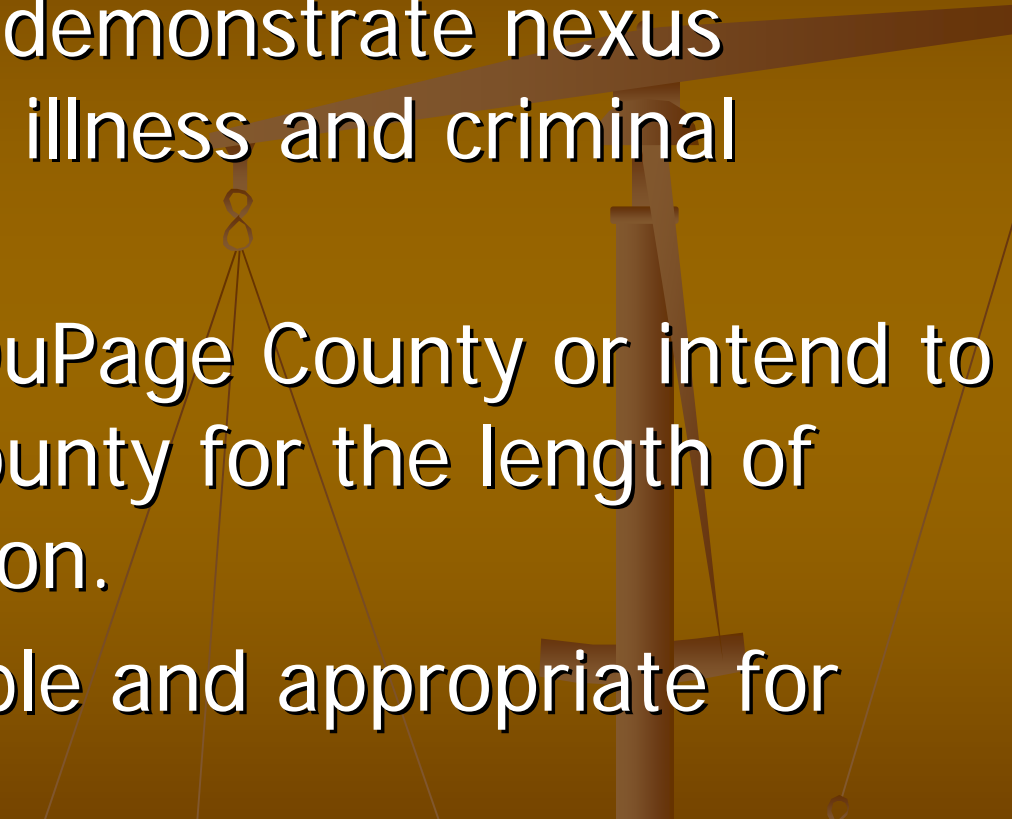
- MICAP began on January 14, 2004, in collaboration with the Dupage County Health Department
 - Pre- Trial Court supervised program for people charged with a criminal offense that have a mental illness.
 - Participant is on bond supervision for a period of 12-36 months with special conditions.
 - MICAP is for persons that are committed to accepting medication and other mental health services as an alternative to punishment.
 - Those who are successful in MICAP will have charges reduced or dismissed at the end of the MICAP period.
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Criteria for MICAP

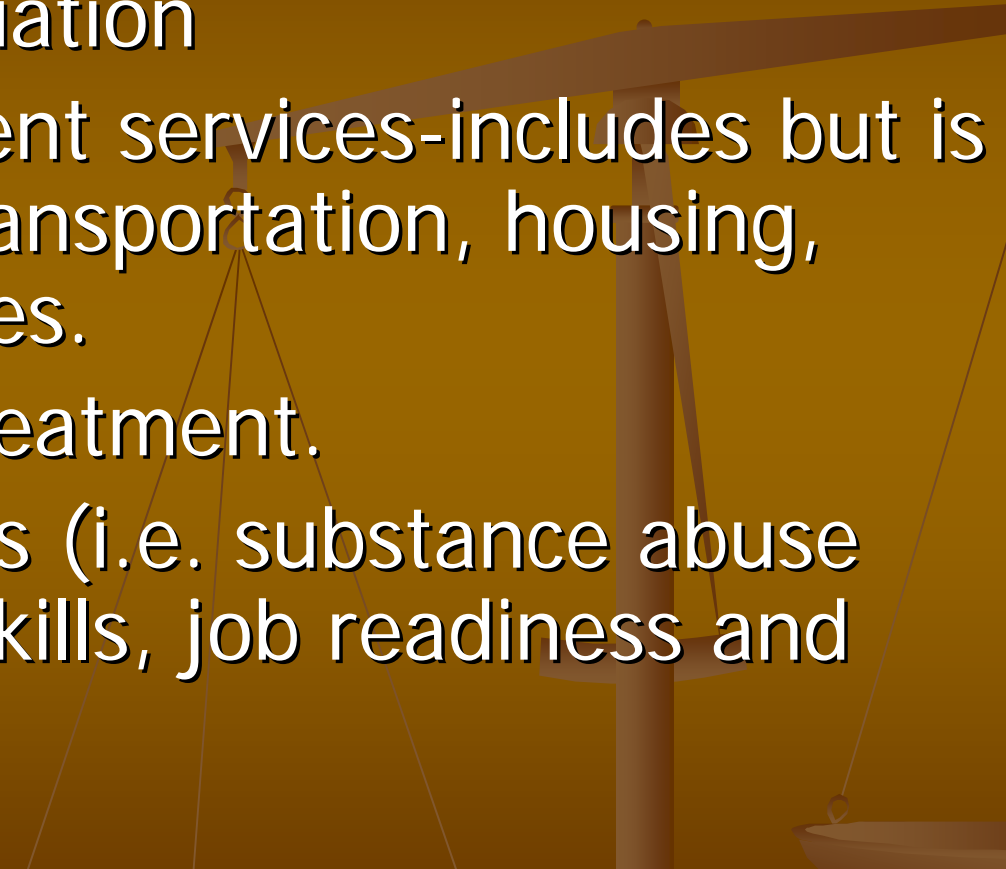


- Must be 17 years of age or older
- Must be charged as an adult with a criminal misdemeanor or non violent felony in DuPage County.
- Must have been diagnosed or reasonably believe that they would be diagnosed with a DSM IV TR Axis 1 Major Mental Illness/Disorder.

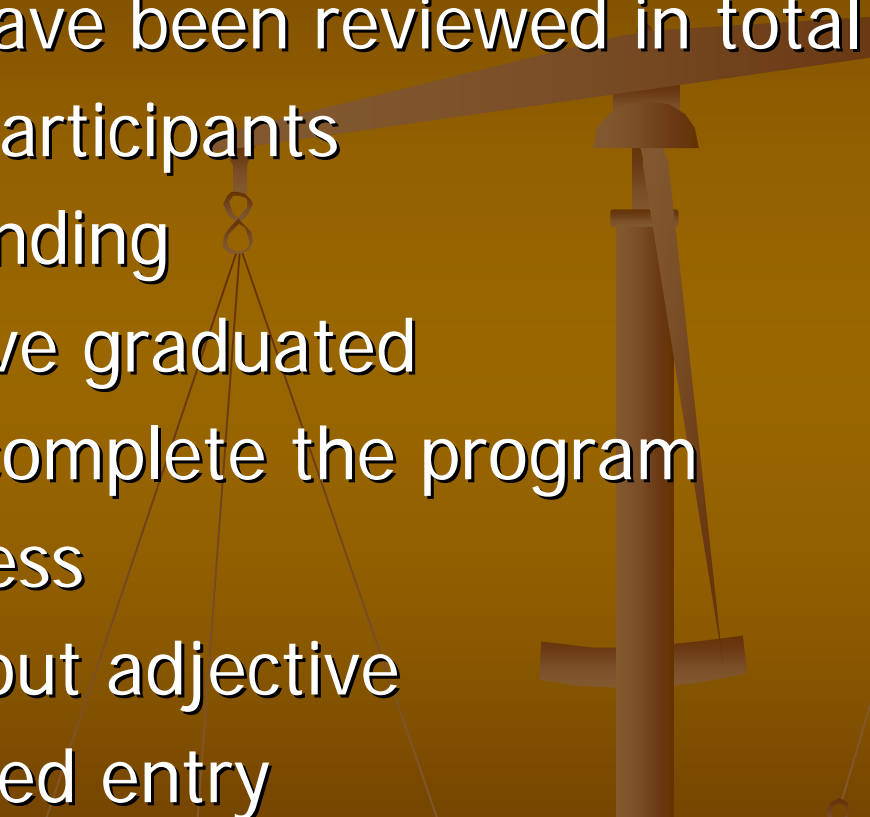
MICAP Criteria (continued)

- Must be able to demonstrate nexus between mental illness and criminal activity.
 - Must reside in DuPage County or intend to remain in the county for the length of MICAP supervision.
 - Must be amenable and appropriate for treatment.
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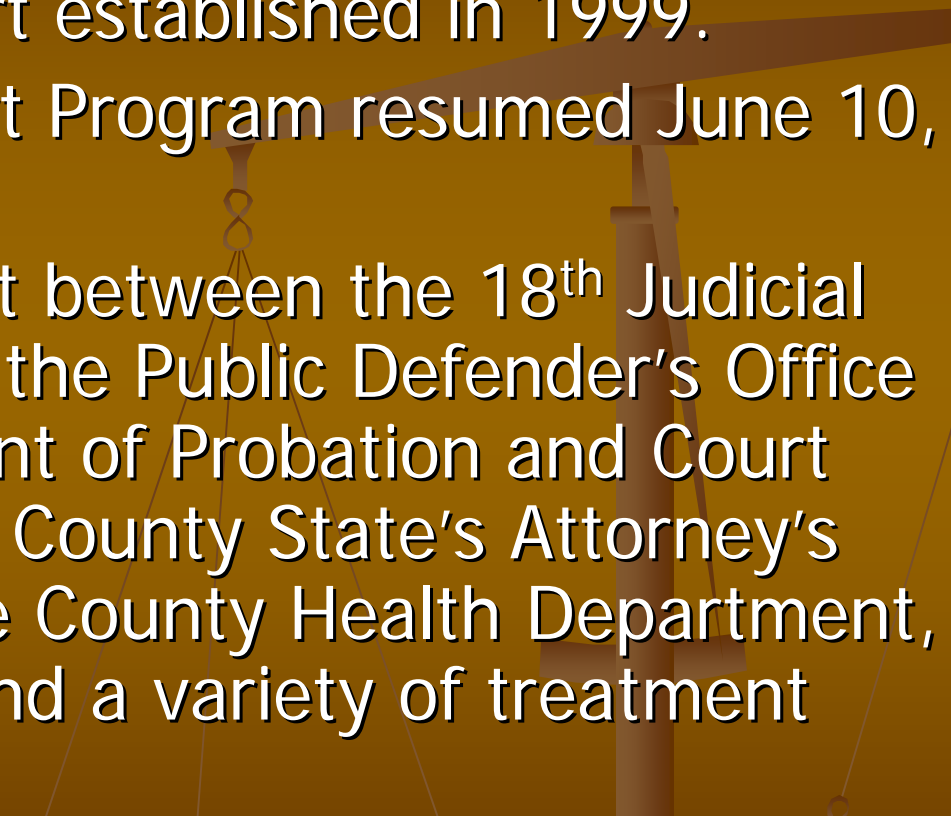
Services Provided through MICAP

- Diagnostic Evaluation
 - Case management services-includes but is not limited to transportation, housing, food and sundries.
 - Mental health treatment.
 - Ancillary services (i.e. substance abuse treatment, life skills, job readiness and training, etc.)
 - Medication
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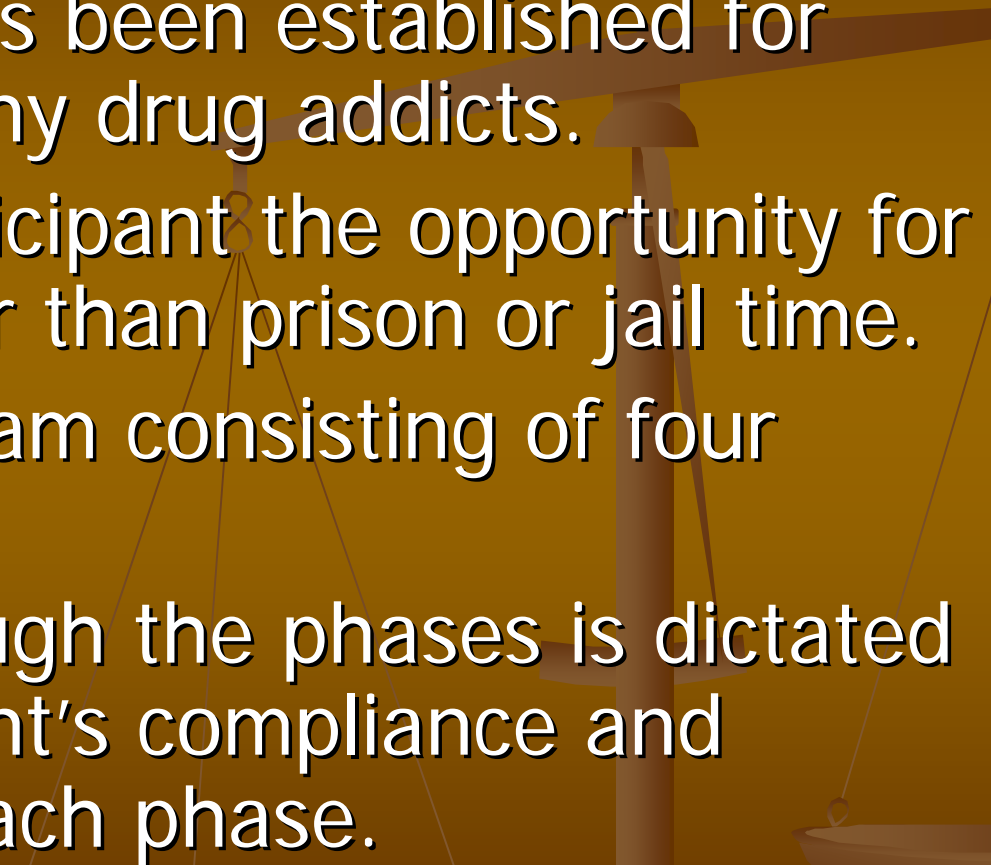
MICAP Statistics

- 466 applications have been reviewed in total
 - Currently has 79 participants
 - 23 applications pending
 - 80 participants have graduated
 - 24 have failed to complete the program
 - 5 are pending fitness
 - 1 terminated without adjective
 - 254 rejected/refused entry
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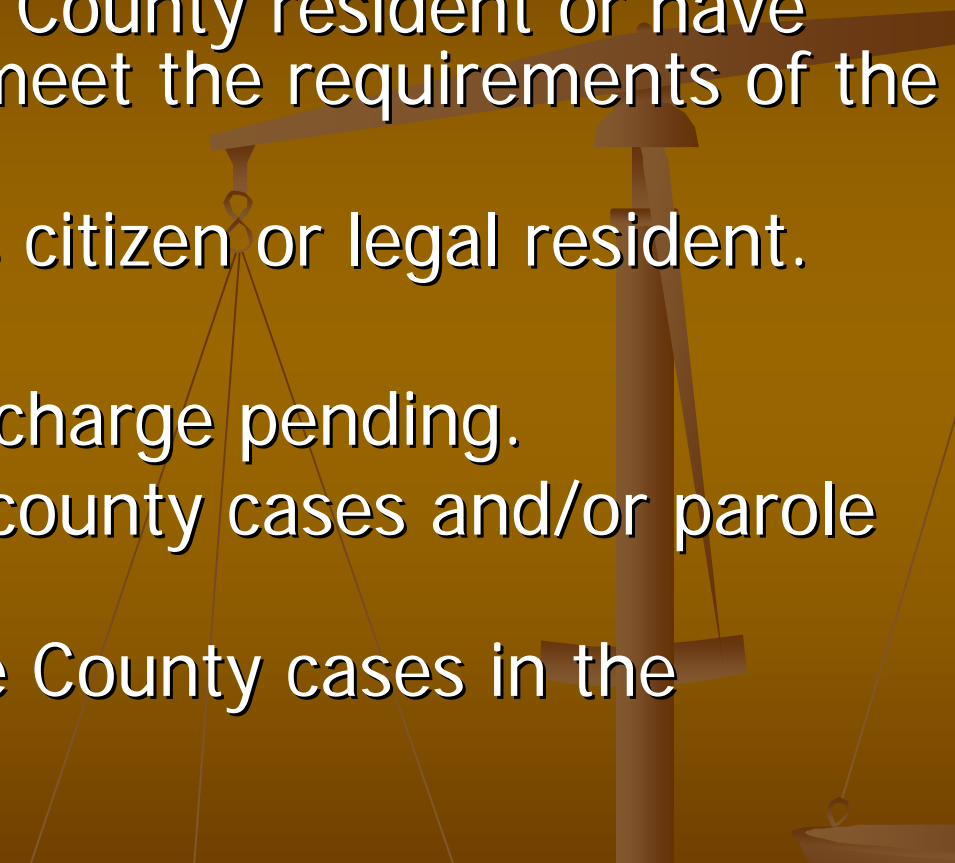
Drug Court History

- Original Drug Court established in 1999.
 - Current Drug Court Program resumed June 10, 2002.
 - Collaborative effort between the 18th Judicial Circuit (the Court, the Public Defender's Office and the Department of Probation and Court Services), DuPage County State's Attorney's Office, the DuPage County Health Department, JUST of DuPage and a variety of treatment providers.
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Definition of the DuPage County Drug Court Program

- The program has been established for non-violent felony drug addicts.
 - Affords the participant the opportunity for treatment rather than prison or jail time.
 - 24 month program consisting of four phases.
 - Movement through the phases is dictated by the participant's compliance and completion of each phase.
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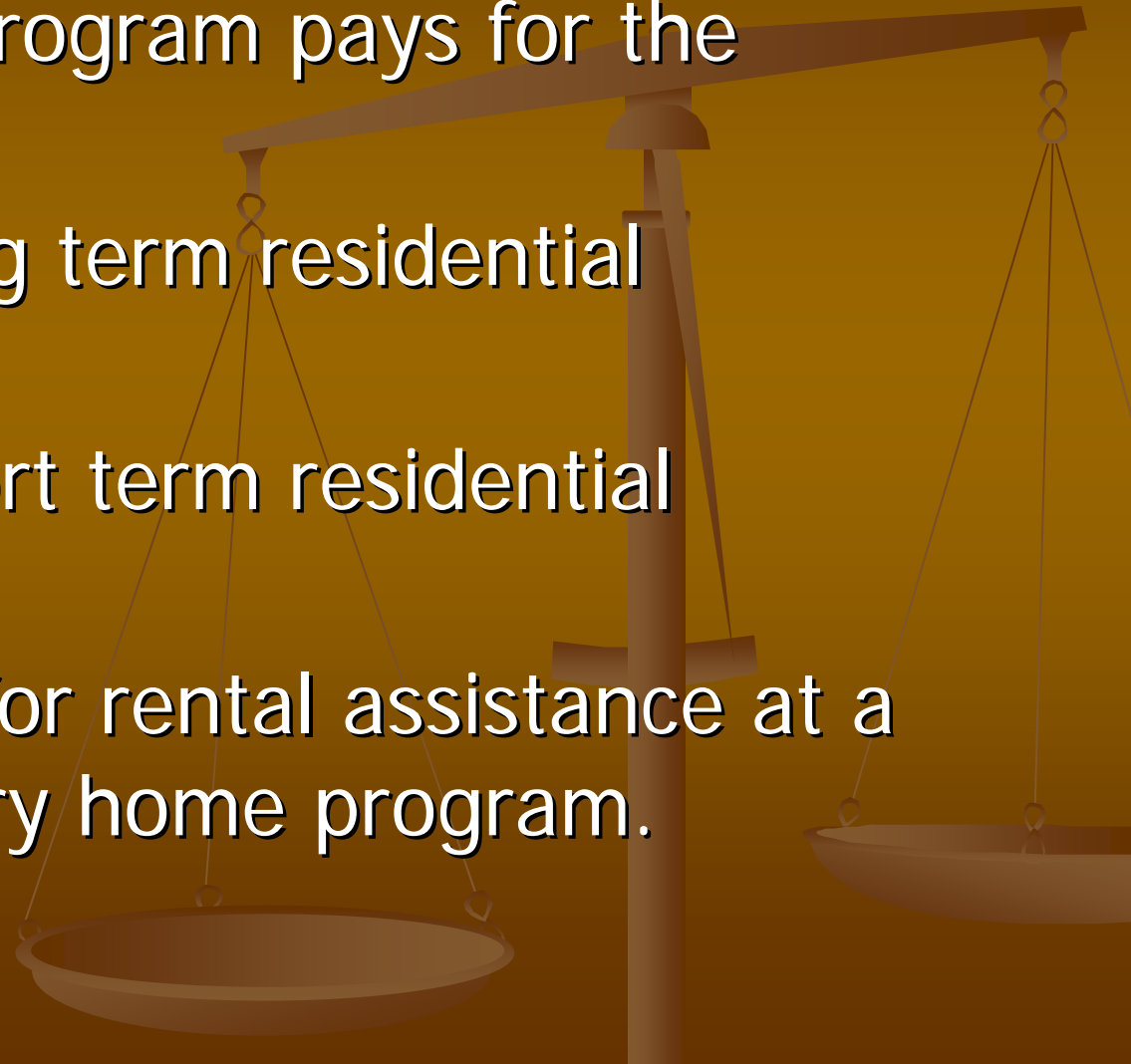
Criteria for Drug Court

- Must be a DuPage County resident or have transportation to meet the requirements of the program.
 - Be a United States citizen or legal resident.
 - Age 17 or older.
 - Have adult felony charge pending.
 - Resolve all out of county cases and/or parole holds.
 - Include all DuPage County cases in the agreement.
 - Be an addict.
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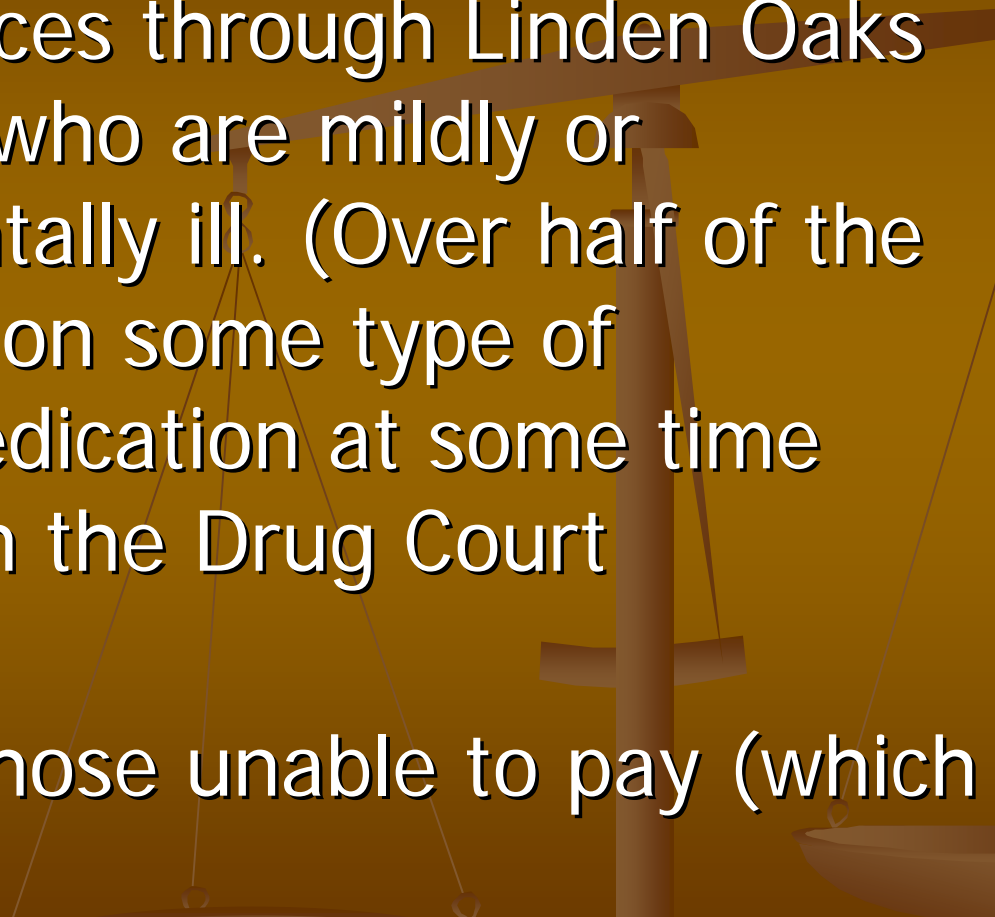
Services Provided by Drug Court

The Drug Court Program pays for the following:

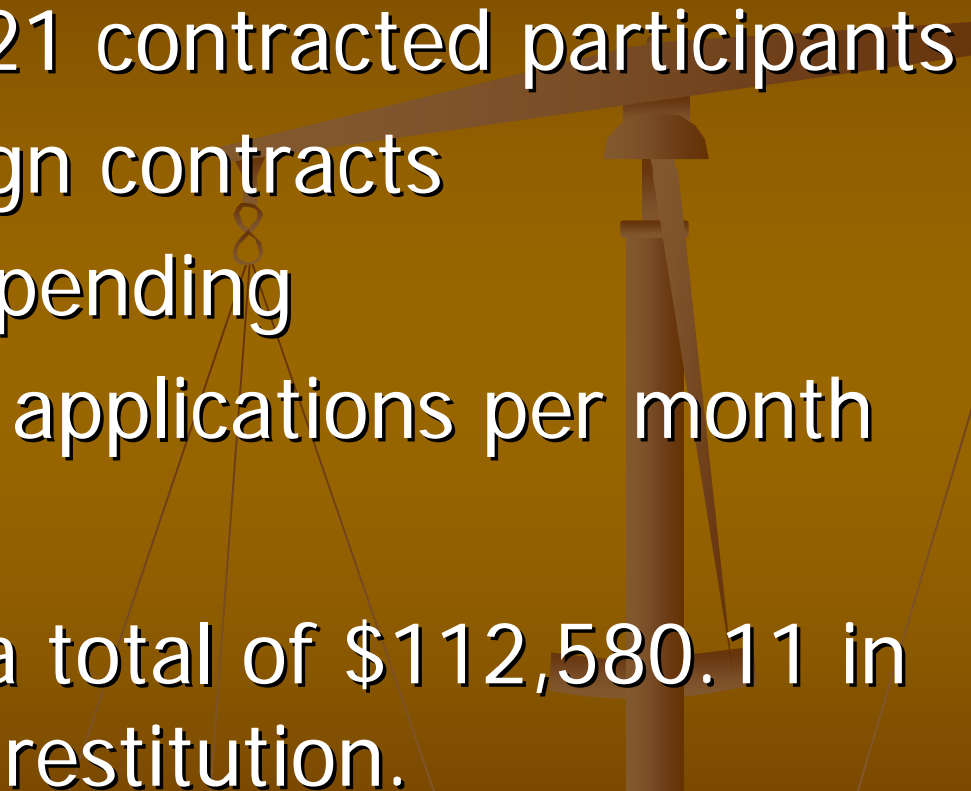
- \$750.00 for long term residential treatment.
- \$550.00 for short term residential treatment.
- Up to \$550.00 for rental assistance at a halfway/recovery home program.



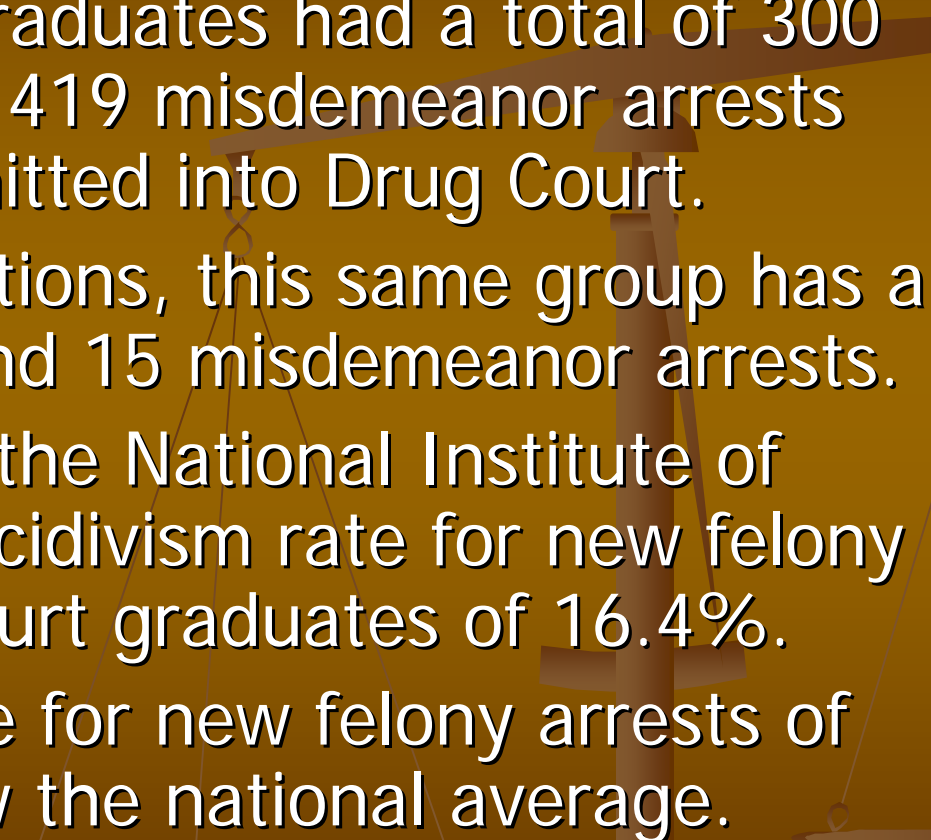
Services Provided by Drug Court (continued)

- Psychiatric services through Linden Oaks for participants who are mildly or moderately mentally ill. (Over half of the participants are on some type of psychotropic medication at some time while they are in the Drug Court Program).
 - Medication for those unable to pay (which is the majority).
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Drug Court Statistics

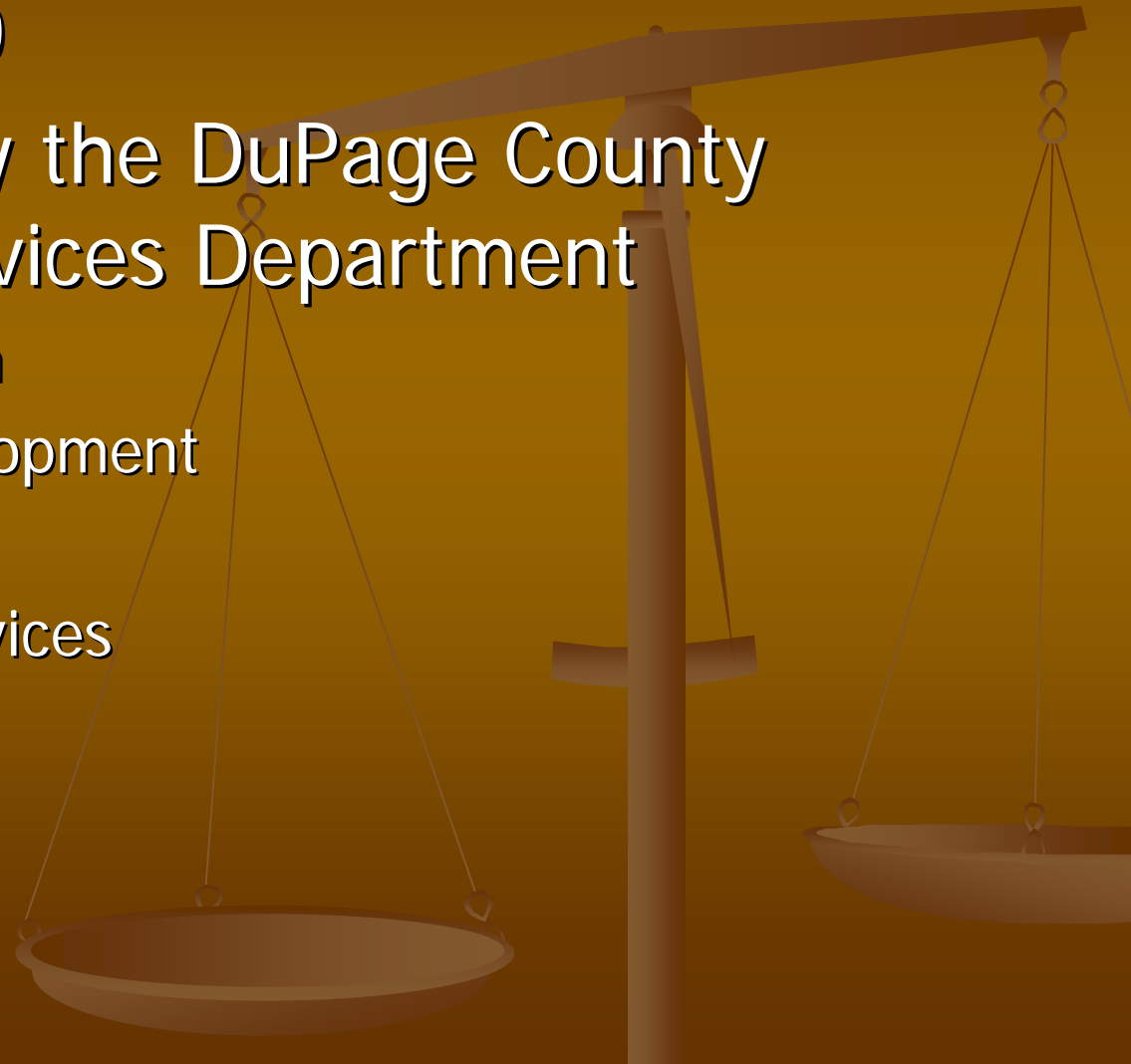
- Currently has 121 contracted participants
 - 13 waiting to sign contracts
 - 27 applications pending
 - Averages 10.75 applications per month
 - 94 graduates
 - Have collected a total of \$112,580.11 in court costs and restitution.
- 

Drug Court Statistics (cont'd)

- Our 70 previous graduates had a total of 300 felony arrests and 419 misdemeanor arrests prior to being admitted into Drug Court.
 - Since their graduations, this same group has a total of 6 felony and 15 misdemeanor arrests.
 - A recent study by the National Institute of Justice shows a recidivism rate for new felony arrests of Drug Court graduates of 16.4%.
 - Our recidivism rate for new felony arrests of 5.7% is well below the national average.
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DuPage County Psychological Services

- Created in 1990
- Administered by the DuPage County Community Services Department
 - Historical Museum
 - Community Development
 - Human Services
 - Psychological Services

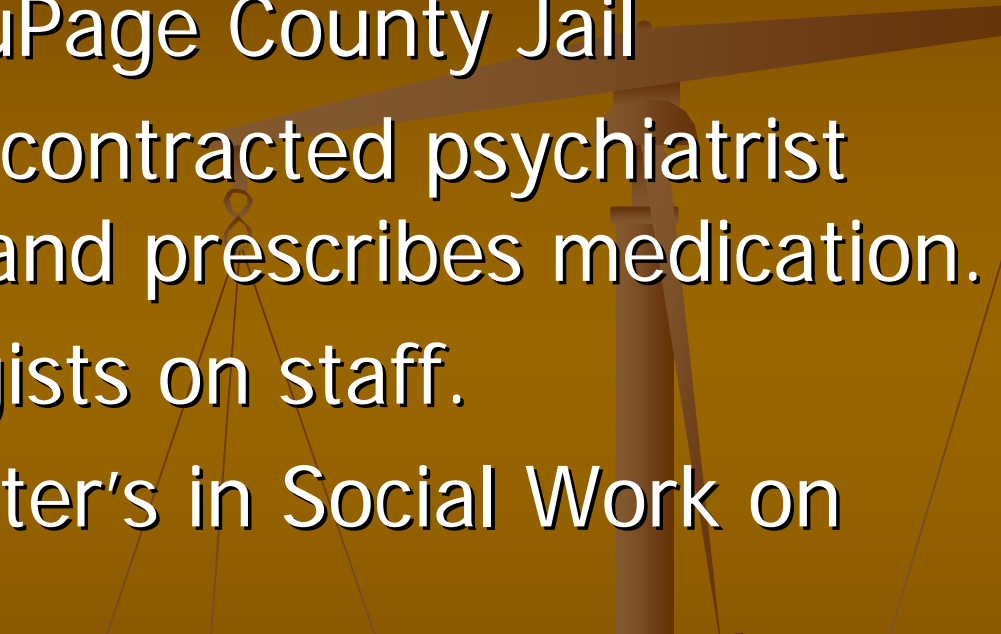


DuPage County Psychological Services

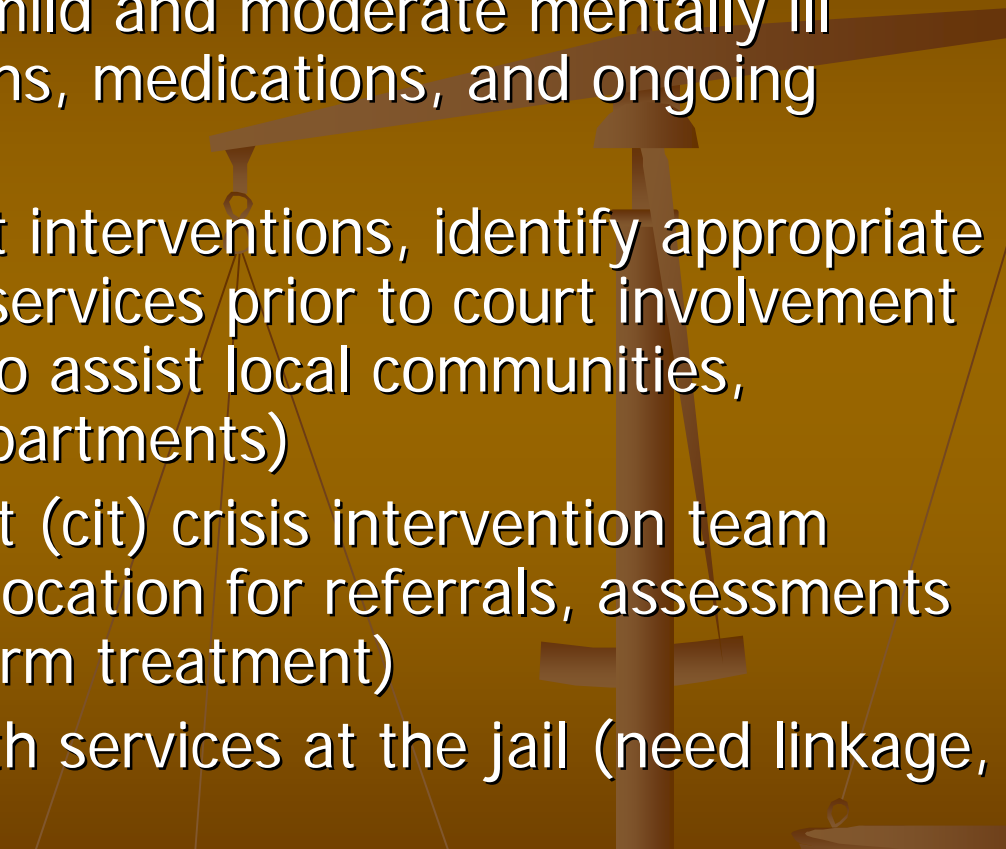
- Servicing 1,000 offenders annually
- Substance abuse services (85% indigent clients)
- Domestic violence (46% indigent clients)
- Anger management



DuPage County Sheriff's Department

- Oversees the DuPage County Jail
 - Has a part time contracted psychiatrist who diagnoses and prescribes medication.
 - Has 2 psychologists on staff.
 - Has several Master's in Social Work on staff.
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Identifying Gaps

- Lack of services for mild and moderate mentally ill (Psychiatric evaluations, medications, and ongoing treatment)
 - Community treatment interventions, identify appropriate services and links to services prior to court involvement or criminal charges(to assist local communities, resource to police departments)
 - Central treatment unit (cit) crisis intervention team (currently no central location for referrals, assessments and short and long term treatment)
 - Enhance mental health services at the jail (need linkage, follow up services)
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Identifying Gaps

- Inpatient treatment for female “MISA” clients in Dupage County
- Housing, Transportation Issues
- Ancillary services for specialized mental health conditions (Eating Disorders, OCD, PTSD, etc.)

